

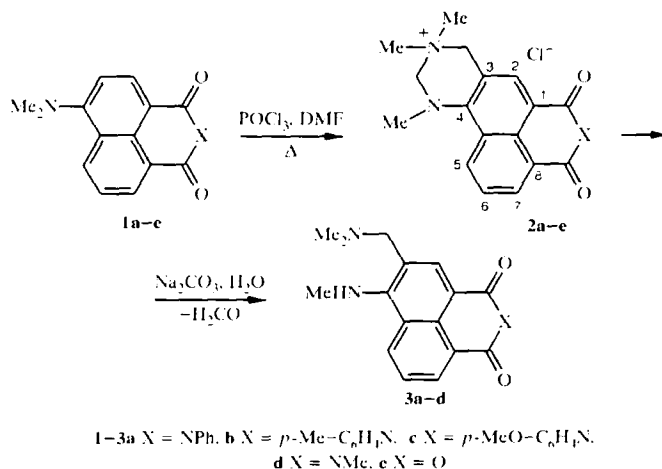
FORMATION AND CLEAVAGE OF THE QUINAZOLINIUM RING IN VILSMEIER–HAACK FORMYLATION OF 4-DIALKYLAMINO-SUBSTITUTED NAPHTHALIC ACID DERIVATIVES

L. D. Patsenker, I. G. Ermolenko, E. E. Artyukhova, and B. M. Krasovitskii

Keywords: naphthalic acid, dialkylamino-substituted derivatives, quinazolinium salts, Vilsmeier–Haack reaction, heterocyclization, hydrolysis.

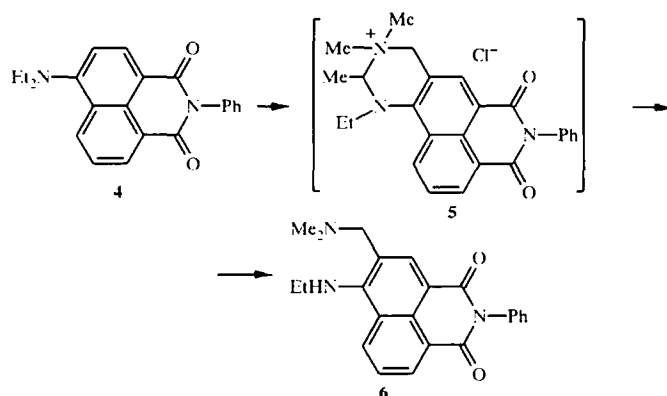
When 4-dimethylamino-substituted N-arylimides of naphthalic acid **1a–c** are heated with POCl₃ and DMF (Vilsmeier–Haack reaction conditions), instead of the expected 3-formyl-substituted derivatives, the diazinium salts **2a–c** are formed [1]. In alkaline medium, the quaternized heterocycle is cleaved, but the exact structure of the compounds formed has remained undetermined.

We have observed that methylimide **1d** and anhydride **1e** also undergo heterocyclization, and the base hydrolysis products are 4-methylamino-substituted **3a–d**. The 4-diethylamino-substituted derivative **4** reacts similarly. But the quaternary salt **5** is not isolated in pure form, and its hypothetical structure is established in analogy with molecules **2a–e** and based on the structure of compound **6**.



5,9,9,11-Tetramethyl-4,6-dioxo-5,6,8,9,10,11-hexahydro-4H-isoquino[4,5-*gh*]quinazolin-9-ium Chloride (2d**).** Yield 51%; mp 235°C. ¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆): 3.33 (6H, s, ⁺N(CH₃)₂); 3.42 (3H, s, CH₃); 3.70 (3H, s, 4-NCH₃); 5.01 (2H, s, CH₂); 5.22 (2H, s, CH₂); 7.84–8.55 ppm (4H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 12.23; Cl 10.15. C₁₈H₂₀N₃O₂Cl. Calculated, %: N 12.15; Cl 10.25.

Institute of Single Crystals, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, Kharkov 310001; e-mail: patsenker@isc.kharkov.com. Translated from Khimiya Geterotsiklicheskikh Soedinenii, No. 5, pp. 696–697, May, 2000. Original article submitted March 20, 2000.



9,9,11-Trimethyl-4,6-dioxo-8,9,10,11-tetrahydro-4H,6H-isochromeno[4,5-*gh*]quinazolin-9-ium Chloride (2e). Yield 20%; mp 253°C. ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6): 3.27 (6H, s, $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); 3.69 (3H, s, 4-NCH $_3$); 4.98 (2H, s, CH $_2$); 5.18 (2H, s, CH $_2$); 7.89-8.67 ppm (4H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 8.10; Cl 10.85. $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{Cl}$. Calculated, %: N 8.42; Cl 10.65.

5-Dimethylaminomethyl-6-methylamino-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[*de*]isoquinoline-1,3-dione (3a). Yield 40%; mp 222-223°C. ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6): 2.20 (6H, s, $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); 3.43 (3H, s, 4-NCH $_3$); 3.64 (2H, s, 3-CH $_2$); 7.70 (1H, s, NH); 7.30-8.78 ppm (9H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 11.17. $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$. Calculated, %: N 11.69.

5-Dimethylaminomethyl-6-methylamino-2-(4-methylphenyl)-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[*de*]isoquinoline-1,3-dione (3b). Yield 50%; mp 214-216°C. ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6): 2.20 (6H, s, $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); 2.39 (3H, s, CH $_3$); 3.43 (3H, s, 4-NCH $_3$); 3.64 (2H, s, 3-CH $_2$); 7.70 (1H, s, NH); 7.16-8.79 ppm (8H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 10.53. $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$. Calculated, %: N 11.25.

5-Dimethylaminomethyl-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6-methylamino-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[*de*]isoquinoline-1,3-dione (3c). Yield 62%; mp 214-215°C. ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6): 2.20 (6H, s, $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); 3.42 (3H, s, 4-NCH $_3$); 3.64 (2H, s, 3-CH $_2$); 3.82 (3H, s, OCH $_3$); 7.70 (1H, s, NH); 7.05-8.77 ppm (8H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 10.60. $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3$. Calculated, %: N 10.79.

5-Dimethylaminomethyl-2-methyl-6-methylamino-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[*de*]isoquinoline-1,3-dione (3d). Yield 48%; mp 139-142°C. ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6): 2.20 (6H, s, $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); 3.34 (3H, s, CH $_3$); 3.41 (3H, s, 4-NCH $_3$); 3.64 (2H, s, 3-CH $_2$); 7.68 (1H, s, NH); 7.63-8.74 ppm (4H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 13.78. $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$. Calculated, %: N 14.13.

5-Dimethylaminomethyl-6-ethylamino-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[*de*]isoquinoline-1,3-dione (6). Yield 20%; mp 215-218°C (benzene). ^1H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6): 1.30 (3H, t, CH $_3$); 2.22 (6H, s, $\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)_2$); 3.66 (2H, s, 3-CH $_2$); 3.77 (2H, d, 4-NCH $_2$); 7.66 (1H, s, NH); 7.31-8.69 ppm (9H, m, arom.). Found, %: N 10.87. $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$. Calculated, %: N 11.25.

This research was supported by the National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine (grant No. 0198U004256).

REFERENCES

1. B. M. Krasovitskii, L. I. Kormilova, I. G. Ermolenko, L. D. Patsenker, and V. N. Baumer, *Functional Materials*, **4**, 280 (1997).